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## Displacement and Rehabilitation: A Study of Problems of Affected Families

**Dr. Balasaheb V. Bodhane**

Asst. Prof. Dept. of SCPA

Gopinathrao Munde National Institute of

Rural Development and Research.

Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marathwada University,

Chhatrapati Sambhajnagar

Email: [balavbodane@gmail.com](mailto:balavbodane@gmail.com)

### **Abstract:-**

The present paper focuses properly on the relation between development displacement rehabilitation and its negative impact on affected people from development project. In this paper, the researcher is to address displaced people and his social economic problems after displacement. This research paper is related on the development and displacement under the Jayakwadi hydro power project in Chhatrapati Sambhaji Nagar district Maharashtra. The researcher has a selected 300 affected family from Jayakwadi hydro power project to data collection as well as study. The researcher has collected a primary and secondary data for research paper through the analytical and descriptive methods selected for this paper. The major objectives of this paper are the study of loan holder before and after affected peoples and to find of the impact of displacement or economic condition before and after displacement. The finding after study and explain in conclusion sector.

### **Keywords:-**

Development, displacement, economic condition, loan holder families.

## **Introduction:**

Displacement and rehabilitation are major issues in society. India is agriculture country and most of the people depend on agriculture sector in rural India. Government has more than development projects that are established before and after independence in India. The present research paper is based on displacement and rehabilitation under Jayakwadi hydro power project in Chhatrapati Sambhaji Nagar district. The total number of 118 villages affected in this development project from to district included 4 blocks. The district names are Chhatrapati Sambhaji Nagar and Ahilya Nagar. More than issues created by Jayakwadi hydro power project for affected people. The major issue as well as problems are properly related to social economic problem after displacement. Number of 4 blocks in two districts are affected from this project. Python and Gangapur in Chhatrapati Sambhaji Nagar district and shevgaon and nevasa in ahilya Nagar district are affected blocks in this project. The pattern and Gangapur blocks are selected for the study. Aur blocks 150 affected family and total 300 affected families are selected for study. The researcher has explained the loan holder as well as ratio before and after displacement. The comparative study of economic condition and impact of displacement earn affected families before and after displacement. In this study I have major findings more than growth in poor economic status after displacement.

## **Review of literature:-**

### 1. Hadi Abdul, (2017)

Abdul Hadi has completed his study on dams and displacement in some countries under the title, " dance and displacement in Turkey and Pakistan". The researcher has completed he study in Pakistan and Turkey display cement from dams. Total number of 110000 people displayed from 'Mangla' damn in Pakistan as well as number of 96000 land holder that have been affected under the 'Tarbela' projects. Affected people are after two to three decades that are not properly resettled. The researcher Hadi Abdul says in his conclusion, displacement people are not satisfied with government rehabilitation policy and methods of his implementation.

### 2. Panigrahi Santosh Kumar (2018)

The researcher has completed his study or related development displacement and rehabilitation of affected people under the title, "development displacement and

rehabilitation: Indispensably inter-related". He has focussed on the study on the relation between development displacement and rehabilitation process. He has extended his finding or conclusion after the complete the study, the relation between cost and benefits analysis of Government development project.

### 3. Arshad Sheikh & Kumar Vivek (2023)

The researcher has completed his study about displacement and its impact under the title, "factors responsible for displacement and its impact". He has properly focused in this study on responsible factors for displacement and its impact. He addresses environmental disturbance and economic hardship. He sees big dam development and project meaning that is the proper factors responsible for displacement in society and he has created a big negative impact. The researcher has explained in conclusion, the major negative impact on environment sector of displacement as well as the psychologically and social economic impact on affected people under development project.

#### **Methodology:**

The present research is properly based on the primary and secondary data. He has selected 300 affected families under Jayakwadi hydro power project in Chhatrapati Sambhaji Nagar district. Primary data collected through interview schedule from selected families. The python and Gangapur block selected area for sampling and collected data for study. Interview schedule and observation both techniques are used for primary data collection. He has used the analytical and descriptive method for this research paper.

#### **Objectives:**

1. To study the loan holder before families and after displacement.
2. To comparative study of economic status of affected families before and after displacement.

#### **Data Analysis:**

The present paper is related to loan holder family ratio before and after displacement also the negative impact on economic status after displacement. He has presented this data through table.

**Table no. 01. Loan holder family before and after displacement:**

Sr. No.	Details	Before	Average	After	Average
01	Yes	40	13.33%	207	69.00%
02	No	260	86.66%	93	31.00%
	Total	300	100	300	100

**Source:** self-collected data for research through interview schedule.

The table no. 01 is exposing a loan holder family before and after displacement, like comparative study of affected families. The total number of 300 affected families selected for the study. Out of selected respondents before displacement 40(13.33%) say, his family was loan holder before displacement also 260 (86.66%) families or respondents say about loan, his family was not have loan holder before displacement. The exports from Data only 13.33% families was known holder before displacement. After the displacement out of selected respondents 207 (69.00%) respondents say, his family is loan holder after displacement as well as only 93(31.00%) selected families say, his family is not loan holder after displacement. The most negative impact of displacement on affected families loan holder there are positive growth in loan holder families after displacement.

**Table no. 02. The economic condition of affected family before and after displacement:**

Sr. No.	Details	Before	Average	After	Average
<b>01</b>	Poor	78	26.00%	144	48
<b>02</b>	Medium	180	60.00%	138	46
<b>03</b>	High	42	14.00%	18	06
	Total	300	100	300	100

**Source:** self-collected data for research through interview schedule.

Table no. 02 the present the level of economic condition of affected family before and after displacement. The information this has been obtained from a total 300 displaced a family is selected for the as a sample for study. Out of the selected 78 (26.00%) respondents say, his family economic condition was 'Poor' before displacement also 180 (60.00%) respondents say, his family economic condition what 'Medium' before displacement and 42 (14.00%) respondents say, his family economic condition was 'High' before displacement.

After displacement out of the selected 144 (48.00%) respondents say, his family economic condition is a 'Poor' after displacement also 138 (46.00%) respondents say, his family economic condition is a 'Medium' after displacement and 18 (06.00%) respondents say, is family ji economic condition is 'High' level after displacement. The present table is expose about economic condition of displaced a people before and after displacement. The conclusion is a present table are ascending growth in ' Poor' aur economics status of displaced people after displacement.

### **Conclusion:**

The major findings of this research paper are ascending growth in loan holder families after displacement. There are 40 to 207 ascending growth of loan holder families. The one more major finding in the study is related of economic status, the ascending growth in poor level economic conditions of affected families after displacement.

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